

		Autumn Term			Spring Term			Summer Term	
THRIVE VALUES	research and ex importance of a all areas of geo fieldwork. Healthy – We ex fieldwork and u	rk collaboratively xplain. We under groups working t graphy and apply xplore the world understand the ir ollution on huma	ogether across y this to our outside with npact of	impact on our w landscapes and responsibility fo impact it has or Innovative – We sustainability, f development a the world. We	 We understand world. We think a lanimal habitats, or the food we ea n the farmers and consider innova arming, travel an nd the impact the understand how help us understand 	about changing taking at and the d workers. tions in d ese have on changing	and the resourd about the cons resources and o Empathetic – W impacted by na for our world a aware of the ch	lue and respect a ces on our plane equences of not caring for the en e consider the fe tural disasters a nd living things, nanges we can m ing a world to be	t. We learn valuing vironment eelings of those nd learn to care as well as being ake by having a
Nursery	Unit outcome Half termly trips to Woodlands, observing signs of change. Using senses to discover what is around. What can you hear? See? Smell? How does it make you feel?			Unit Outcome Weekly trips to Woodlands, observing signs of change. Outdoor activities.			Unit Outcome Maps and mapping skills. Travel. Weekly trips to Woodlands, observing signs of change. Outdoor activities.		
Recepti on	ti Unit outcome Weekly trips to Woodlands. Environmental differences linked to Kapati Plain Seasonal changes Weather activities linked to ice/rain/sun Fruit and vegetable investigation – linked to harvest.			Unit Outcome Weekly trips to Woodlands, observing signs of change. Outdoor activities. Weather activities linked to ice/rain/sun.			Unit Outcome Weekly trips to Woodlands, observing signs of change. Outdoor activities. Weather activities linked to ice/rain/sun. Shadows exploration.		
Year One	Unit outcome - Knowledge Weather and Seasons. Hot and cold areas of world.	 How does the we lives? Skills Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the countries, 	ather affect our Vocabulary Tier 1: Weather, Rainfall, Temperature, Sunshine, Wind, Fog,	Unit Outcome Knowledge Weather and Seasons Hot and cold areas of world	 What is the geo locality like? Skills Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United 	Pgraphy of my Vocabulary Place; People; Environment; Landscape; Community; Natural; Physical		e - <i>How does the</i> <i>Ayer compare with</i> Skills Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United	



North &	 and oceans studied at this key stage. Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features. Use simple fieldwork and observationa I skills to study key human and physical features of environment s. 	Compass, Season, Winter, Spring, Summer, Autumn, Thunderstorm, Ice, Country, City, Island, North Pole, South Pole, Key, Desert, Continent, Ocean, Sahara, Antarctica, Environment. Tier 2: Thermometer, Rain gauge, Weather vane, Lagoon, Canal Solar, Tornado, Equator, Drought	Key physical features of local area Equator North & South Pole Key human features of local area	 and its countries as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage. Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features. Use simple observationa I skills to study key human and physical 	geography; Human geography; Global; United Kingdom; Country; Nation; City; Capital; Continent; Ocean; Europe; Equator; Sea; Tree; Wood; Forest; Tropical; Buildings; Landslide; Beach; Wave; Motorway; Canyon; Mountain; Snow; Cliff; Town; Moor; Train; Offices; Service; Hotel; Departmental	Key physical features of Kampong Ayer Equator North & South Pole	Kingdom and its countries as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage. Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features. Use simple observational skills to study key human and physical features of environments.	people, wood, rain, England, night, day, river, boat Tier 2: United kingdom, location, Capital, Map, Globe, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Temperature, vicar, priest, Asia, Artic Tier 3: Brunei, Borneo, Settlement, Physical, Habitat, Tropical, Temperate, Population,
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					surrounding environment	Stadium; Change; Construction; Land use; Scale; Street; Transport; Recreation; Economic; Residential.			
	Cross curricular links: Maths- prior knowledge on position/direction RE - Links to weather differences in Bethlehem			Music – Music in other countries – blues/latin/folk DT – Food around the world RE – Comparisons with Israel			DT – School grounds links to playground equipment Art – printing – Kampong Ayer		
	Cross curricular links: Science - living things/habitats, explore outside environment, food chains. Music – South African music								
	Unit Outcome	Why don't penguii	ns need to fly?	Unit Outcome -	Why does it matte comes from?	r where my food	Unit Outcome -	Why do we love k sea so much?	peing beside the
	Knowledge	Skills	Vocabulary	Knowledge	Skills	Vocabulary	Knowledge	Skills	Vocabulary
Year Two	Weather and Seasons Hot and cold areas of world Physical features of Antarctica, Arctic and Sahara Desert	 Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries as well as the countries, 	Continent; Ocean; Antarctica; Southern Ocean; Mountain; Valley; Snow; Ice; Blizzard; Desert; Landscape; Environment; Wind; Rain;	Weather and Seasons Hot and cold areas of the world Physical features of farming in UK and locations overseas	 Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries as well as the countries, 	Farm; Dairy products; Supermarket; Shop; Pasture; Grass; Jersey; Channel Islands; Economic activity; Business;	Weather and Seasons Hot and cold areas of world Physical features of the coast	Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries as well as the countries, continents and oceans	Seaside; Countryside; Town; City; Urban; Rural; Flats; Sand; Beach; Pebbles; Mountain; Rocks; Field; High Street; Sea; Shops; Road; Street; Heath; Trees; Wood; Crops; Farming;



Equator	continents	Ice Sheet;	Equator	continents	Raw material;	Human	studied at this	Cliff; Houses; Hill;
Lydator	and oceans	Pebbles;	North and	and oceans	County;	features of	key stage.	Traffic; Habitat;
North and	studied at	Shore; Hill;	South Pole	studied at	Devon; South	the coast		Environment;
South Pole	this key	Cliff; Habitat;		this key	West		Use aerial	Adaptation;
	stage.	Adapted;	Human	stage.	England;		photographs	Camouflage;
Human	 Use aerial 	Africa;	features of	Use aerial	United		and plan	Nutrition; Food
features of	photograph	Iceberg; Sand	farming - UK	photograph	Kingdom;		perspectives	chain; Plankton;
Antarctica,	s and plan	dune; Arctic;	and locations	s and plan	Landscape;		to recognise	Pollution;
Arctic and	perspective	Carnivore;	overseas	perspective	Wood;		landmarks	Continent; Ocean;
Sahara	s to	Temperature;		s to	Hedgerow;		and basic	Country; North
Desert	recognise	Summer;		recognise	Tree; Field;		human and	Pole; South Pole;
	landmarks	Winter;		landmarks	Lake;		physical	North America;
	and basic	Predator;		and basic	Weather;		features.	South America;
	human and	Food chain;		human and	Average;		Use simple	Europe; Africa;
	physical	Krill; Animal;		physical	Temperature;		observational	Asia; Australia;
	features.	Phytoplankto		features.	Growing		skills to study	Asia, Australia, Antarctica; Ocean;
	 Use simple 	n; Plant;		 Use simple 	season;		key human	Pacific Ocean;
	observation	River;		observation	Rainfall;		and physical	Indian Ocean;
	al skills to	Waterfall;		al skills to	Sunshine;		features of	
	study key	Gorge;		study key	Settlement;		environments.	Arctic Ocean; Southern Ocean;
	human and	Country;		human and	Town; City;			Atlantic Ocean;
	physical	Jungle		physical	Village;			
	features of			features of	Industry;			Compass; Map; River; Mountain;
	environmen			environmen	Airport;			Desert; Island;
	ts.			ts.	Motorway; Office;			Capital; Resort;
				Use simple	Factory;			Region.
				fieldwork and observational	Railway;			Region.
				skills to study	Cathedral;			у.
				the	Aeroplane;			
				geography of	Trade;			
				their school	Plantation;			
				and its	Harvest;			
				grounds and	Export; Costa			
				the key	Rica; South			
				human and	America;			



					physical features of its surrounding environment	North America; Central America; Harvest; Container ship; Import; Tropical; Calories; Vegetable; Processing; Health; Butcher; Greengrocer; Locally produced; Free-range; Refining; Vitamins;			
	Cross curricular links: Science - living things/habitats, explore outside environment, food chains.		DT – Links to food/veg from overseas			DT – School grounds links to playground equipment Art – printing – Kampong Ayer			
	Music – South African music Unit Outcome - Why are jungles so wet and deserts so dry?			Unit Outcome - Why do half the people in the world live in megacities?			How has the geogram		
Year Three	Knowledge North America South America	Skills Use maps, atlases, globes and	Vocabulary Tier 1: Weather Temperature Pattern	Knowledge North America South America UK	 Skills Use maps, atlases, globes and 	Vocabulary Tier 2: Map; City; Megacity;	Knowledge UK Local area	 Skills Use maps, atlases, globes and 	Vocabulary Tier 2: Village, site, river, lake,





Condensation;



	Cross curricular links:		French – Dans m	na ville – in my tow	n	RE – River Ganges			
	French – location of France								
	Unit outcome - H	low can we live m	ore sustainably?		Beyond the Magic Sunshine State rea			low do volcanoes eople on Hiemaey	
	Knowledge	Skills	Vocabulary	Knowledge	Skills	Vocabulary	Knowledge	Skills	Vocabulary
Year Four	UK Local area	 Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/comp uter mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom 	Sustainable; Unsustainable; Reusable; Solar; Turbine; Rechargeable; Conservation; Recycle; Health; Diet; Exercise; Resource; Electricity; Power station; Transport; Community; Wellbeing; Social; Interaction; Values; Behaviour; Lifestyle; Minerals; Energy; Ocean; Wind; Tides; Waves; Fishing;	North America environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries and cities Human and physical geography of a region within North America	 Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/comp uter mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom 	Theme park; Tourist; Florida; United States of America; North America; Atlantic Ocean; Gulf of Mexico; State; Leisure; Recreation; Plan; Location; Scale; Distance; Political map; Island; Ice sheet; Population density; Contiguous; Time zone; Pacific Ocean; Central America; Maya; Civilisation; Empire; City; Exploitation; Climate; Drought; Tropical rainforest;	Europe environmental, key physical and human characteristics, countries and cities Human and physical geography of a region in a European country	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/compute r mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.	Tier 1: Environment/Fi re/Stream/Mou ntain/ Relief/city/mark et/distribution/tr ansport/proces sing Tier 2: Tourism/refuge es/distribution/c liff/landscape/w eather/climate Tier 3: Stage 1 – continent, island, Europe, Latitude, Equator, Longitude, Hemisphere, natural resources, eruption, magma, evacuation, lava, glaicer, earthquake, urban, rural,



and the	Forestry; Finite;	 and the	Trade;		region,
wider world.	Infinite;	wider world.	Astronomy;		percipitation
		maor world.	Environment;		Stage 2 –
	Economic		Choropleth		Trade,
	activity; Waste;		map; Key;		economic
	Biodiversity;		Quality of life;		activity, fjord,
	Global;		Reliability;		Gulf stream,
	Procurement;		Trustworthines		political,
	Conduction;		s; Peninsula;		Archipelago,
	Element;		Coast; Sea;		geyser, port,
	Resistance;		Satellite;		geothermal,
	Electrons;		Physical		climate graph,
	Energy;		features;		Pacific ring of
	Generator;		Human		crust, mantle,
			features;		core, techtonic
	Turbine; Gas;		Space;		plates,
	Greenhouse		Exploration; Mission;		igneous, sedimentary,
	gases;		Trajectory;		metamorphic,
	Greenhouse		Axis; Orbit;		econmic
	effect; Carbon		Rotation;		activity, colony.
	dioxide;		Equator;		douvity, obioity.
	Pollution;		Latitude;		
	Atmosphere;		Gravity;		
	Reflection;		Europe; South		
	Space;		America;		
	Infrared;		Endangered;		
	Radiation;		Conservation;		
			Preservation;		
	Fossil fuels;		Life cycle;		
	Glacier; Ice		Hazard;		
	sheet; Global		Pollution;		
	warming;		Species;		
	Sustainable		Predator;		
	development;		Conflict; Extinct;		
	Government;		Management;		
	Community;		Atmosphere;		
	Field; Marsh;		Zone; Region;		
	Hill;		Weather;		
	,				



			Settlement; Scrape; Management; Charity; Deforestation; Fuel; Erosion; Silt; Solar cooker.			Climate; Temperature; Precipitation; Sunshine; Intense; Shallow; Oblique; Hurricane; Evacuation; Tropical Storm;			
	living things, clas	ent habitats through ssification/features							
	Unit outcom	IC - How is climate change	affecting the world?	Unit Outc	OME - Why are mountain	s so important?	Unit	t Outcome - What is a	i river?
	Knowledge	Skills	Vocabulary	Knowledge	Skills	Vocabulary	Knowledge	Skills	Vocabulary
Year Five	Environmental regions of Europe, North America and South America UK; Lines of latitude and longitude Local area	 Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/comp uter mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. Use the eight points of a compass, four and six- figure grid references, symbols and key 	Africa; The Gambia; City; Capital city; Market; Senegal; Atlantic Ocean; River Gambia; Rainfall; Dry season; Wet season; Weather; Climate; Drought; Crop; Trade winds; Desertification; Erosion; Life expectancy; Tourists;	Physical and human characteristics of Europe, North America and South America UK Contrasting region in a European country	 Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/comp uter mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. Use the eight points of a compass, four and six- figure grid references, symbols and key 	Mountain; Rock; Landscape; Volcano; Crust; Mantle; Magma; Lava; River; Ocean; Hot spot; Summit; Sea level; Island; Planet; Solar System; Universe; Tectonic plate; Scale; Mountain range; Himalaya; Andes; Rockies; Alps; Atlas; Urals;	Physical characteristics of Europe, North America and South America, UK Local area	 Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/comp uter mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. Use the eight points of a compass, four and six- figure grid references, symbols and key 	River; Source; Mouth; Course; Channel; Meander; Stream, Waterfall; Bank; Flood plain; River island; Undercutting; Slip-off slope; Tidal, Marina, River cliff; Pebbles; Beach; Waves; Spit; Coast; Estuary; Erosion;



(including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world.	Desert; Aid; Village; Well; Subsistence; Commercial; Millet; Maize; Groundnuts; Vegetables; Rice; Tropical; Hunger; Insurance; Australia; Victoria; State; Territory; Oceania; Town; Risk; Hazard; Bushfire; Wildfire; Natural disaster; Decade; Heatwave; Consecutive; Pattern; Sottlement;	(including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world.	Relief; Political; Country; Strata; Continent; Ocean; fold mountains; Crinoids; Compression; Oxygen; Atmosphere; Blizzard; Glacier; Ridge; Summit; Col; Fossil; Sea; Animal; Rock; Ocean; Marine; Geology; Silt; Geologist; Temperature; Sedimentary; Igneous; Metamorphic; Sediment; Limestone; Tethys; Distribution; Pattern; Key; Direction; Peak; Erosion;	(including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world.	Farms, Village; Town; Settlement; Fields, Hedgerow; Tropical rainforest; Atacama Desert; Wood; Rapids; Ox-bow lake; Mill; Hamlet; Railway; Transport; Bridge; Sewage works; Leisure; Recreation; Hypothesis; Validity; Load; Energy; Transportation; Habitat; Invertebrates; Molluscs; Crustacoans;
	Decade;		Tethys; Distribution;		Transportation;
	Consecutive;		Direction;		Invertebrates;
	Settlement; Site; Situation;		Glacier; Settlement;		Crustaceans; Amphibians;
	Conurbation; Megalopolis;		Landscape; Woodland;		Birds, Mammal; Reptile;
	Residents; Transport;		Marsh; Valley; Fodder; Environment;		Vertebrates; Algae;
	Commuter; Infrastructure;		Pasture; Minerals;		Eutrophication; Pollution;
	Embankment; Rock armour;		Growing season; Silage;		Indicator species; Biotic



Tide; Storm;	Slurry;	Index; Valley;
Flood plan;	Fertiliser;	Agriculture;
Resilient;	Diversify;	Sea level;
Tidal surge;	Business;	Flood; Bridge;
Flood defence;	Tourists;	Mud flat;
Management;	Economic	Brackish;
Coast; North	activity; Profit; Climate graph;	Coast; Diatom;
Pole; South	Precipitation;	Omnivore;
Pole; Ice cap;	Climate station;	Herbivore;
Region;	Growing	Carnivore;
-	season; Range	Prey;
Climate graph; Weather	of temperature;	
	Frost;	Confluence;
station;	Co-ordinates;	Annotate;
Precipitation;	Ordnance	Wildlife; Spit;
Snow; Blizzard;	Survey;	Scale;
Tundra;	Eastings; Northings; Grid	Ecosystem;
Glacier; Inuit;	square; Grid	Migration; Food
Migration;	reference;	chain;
Indigenous;	Disease;	Photosynthesis
Economy;	Epidemic;	; Algae,
Culture; Global	Cholera;	Bacteria;
warming;	Contamination;	Hydrological
Mountain	Health;	(water) cycle;
range;	Hygiene;	Precipitation;
Northern	Medicine;	Runoff; Aquifer;
Hemisphere;	Water; Victoria; Slum; Urban;	Evaporation;
Southern	Reservoir;	Borough; River
Hemisphere;	Elevation;	Thames; Isle of
Carbon	Impermeable;	Dogs; Henry
dioxide;	Gravity;	VIII; Marsh;
Disease;	Contour; Spot	Creek; Flood;
Season;	height;	Port; Trade;
Habitat; Coral;	Hydroelectric;	Dock;
	Turbine;	Economic
Observatory;	Generator;	
Greenhouse	Pylons;	activity; British



gas; Climate Cost and whethane; Fossil fuel; Fossil fuel; Energy; Coal; Petroleum; Oli; Government; Petroleum; Oli; Sustainable darspec; Force; Rock; Sedimentary; Crust; Mantle; Core; Sustainability; Sustainability; Sustainability; Sustainable; Non- renewable; Nind power; Geotentmal heat; Hydroelectric power; Solar power; Biofuel.	Empire; Container; Monsoon; Refugee; Contaminated; Famine; Aid; Pattern; Relief; Romantic era; Symphony; Movement; Orchestra; Waterfall; Little Ice Age; Climate.
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	Cross curricular	links:	Cross curricular	Cross curricular links:			Cross curricular links:		
			Science – space	DT – moon buggies Science – space			Science – living things/habitats/pollution		
	Unit Ou	tcome - Who are National Parks for?		Unit Outcome - Why is Fair Trade fair?			Unit Outcome - Why are our oceans so important?		
	Knowledge	Skills Vocabula	y Knowledge	Skills	Vocabulary	Knowledge	Skills	Vocabulary	
Year Six	Key physical and human characteristics of North America; UK	 Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/com puter mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols Tier 1: Country; Cir Town; Castl Countryside Fair; Steam Garden; House; Villa Religion; Mountain; Waterfall; Windmill; Forest; Seaj Hill; River; Beach; Cave Visitors; Stream; Rou Island; Fact Mill; Farm; Wildlife; Beauty; Livestock; Governmer 	;; ;; ;; ;; ;; ;; ;; ;;	 Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/com puter mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols 	Tier 1: Transport, Environment, Caravan, Factory, Countries, Desert, Stream, River, Mountains, Brand, Company, Tropical, Farm, Ferry, River, Factory, Market Tier 2: Landscape, Manufacture, Drought, Profit, Trade, Import, Container,	Latitude and longitude, Northern and Southern Hemisphere	 Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/com puter mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols 	Tier 2: sea, container, container ship, products, location, storm, manufacture, exporting, importing, spilled, intervening, washed up, coast, countries, currents, pattern, gyres, circulate, garbage	



and key		and key	Export,	and key	patches,
(including	Tier 2:	(including	Caribbean,	(including	whirlpool,
the use of	Location;	the use of	Climate,	the use of	•
Ordnance		Ordnance	Hurricane,	Ordnance	collects,
Survey	Landscape;	Survey	Technology,	Survey	accumulates,
maps) to	Protection; Environment;	maps) to	Shipping,	maps) to	rotating,
build their	Distribution;	build their	Retailer, Pier,	build their	refuse, debris
knowledge	Urban; Rural;	knowledge	Cruise, Urban,	knowledge	Tier 3:
of the	Theme park;	of the	Rural,	of the	Oceanograph
United	Remote; Canal;	United	Premium,	United	er, globe,
Kingdom	Mill; Coal;	Kingdom	Community,	Kingdom	continuous,
and the	Cottage;	and the	Development,	and the	Pacific,
wider	Tradition;	wider	Co-operative	wider	Atlantic,
world.	Culture;	world.	Tier 3:	world.	Indian, Arctic
	Lifestyle;		Merchant,		Southern,
	Community;		Commodities,		gulf, bay,
	Festival;		Silk Road,		bight, strait;
	Bronze Age;		Silkworm,		
	Cliff; Channel;		Mulberry,		Baffin Bay,
	Lake; Ancient;		Cocoon,		Labrador Sea,
	Coastline;		Larvae,		Hudson Bay,
	Coastal; Bay;		Political map,		Gulf of
	Chalk;		Basin,		Mexico,
	Drystone wall;		Depression,		Caribbean
	Pot hole;		Arid, Trade		Sea,
	Chamber;		route,		Greenland
	Tourists;		Domestic		Sea,
	Abbey;		trade,		Norwegian
	Medieval;		International		Sea, North
	Prehistoric;		trade,		Sea,
	Region;		Container ship,		Mediterranea
	Southwest		Hectare,		n Sea, Black
	England;		Growing		
	Valley;		season,		Sea, Caspian





NAPPERTURN NA	
Wind pump;	
Outcrop;	
Granite; Tor;	
Stone circle;	
Moorland;	
Deciduous;	
Coniferous;	
Glacial; Fells;	
Loch; Firth;	
Heathland;	
Tarn;	
Saltmarsh;	
Mudflats; Sand	
dune; Gorge;	
Downland;	
Grassland;	
Limestone;	
Industrial	
revolution;	
Area of	
Outstanding	
Natural	
Beauty, World	
Heritage Site;	
Site of Special	
Scientific	
Interest;	
Contour lines;	
Dry valley;	
Scrub;	
Weathering;	
Freeze–thaw;	
Evoke;	
Pastoral;	



Cross curricu	ar links:	Relief; Diversify; Cairn; Economic activity; Fodder	Cross curricular	links:		Cross curricular	inks:	
				Science – living things/habitats, classification of plants/animals.				